LEGGAT BROS'. CHEAPEST BOOKSTORE

IN THE WORLD. 265,672 Gorgeous Holiday and Juvenile Books, AT YOUR PRICE. 354 672 Magnificent English & Amer-

ican Books, AT OUR PRICE 158,782 Bibles, Prayer Books, &c., GRAND HOLIDAY CATALOGUE FREE.

81 CHAMBERS-ST., 3d Door West City Hall Park. NEW-YORK.

WILL FIGHT RESTORATION.

Continued from First Page.

impeached now for three "R's-"Restoration of Rotten Royalty. Dr. Victor J. Caprin, a coffee planter, formerly of Port Townsend, arrived on the Arawa.

week preceding the sailing of the Arawa. Access to the building was not denied to any one. Dr. Caprin was of the opinion that the annexation feeling was stronger if anything.

READY FOR A CALL TO ARMS. Minister Willis has said nothing since "The Star" interview. It is generally understood that a number of companies of men stand ready to respond to a call of arms at any time. organization is not known publicly, and neither is their strength, but probably all of them are

is their strength, but probably all of them are ultra-Annexationists. The Provisional Government continues to administer affairs to the general satisfaction of all.

"The Advertiser" of November 24 throws some light on the latter part of Dr. Caprin's interview. It says: "The American League is now an established fact, with a charter from the Government, which has caused a great deal of talk lately as to its methods and objects. Although a secret society, there is nothing in its methods or objects to be kept from the public. One of the prominent members of the League said yesterday: We are not at all anxious to keep any of the proceedings of the League away from our friends. We think that the time has come now when its objects and the names of its officers should be made public.

come now when its objects and the names of its officers should be made public."

The American League of Honolulu, as our society is named, is a secret organization with a charter from the Government. It is modelled on the same plan as the Union League of America, which has such an enormous membership. The objects briefly stated are, as we stated in our address to Minister Willis some days ago, to bear true allegiance to the United States, and so far as possible to advance the interests of our native country; to aid and protect the members of the organization; to assist in all honorable ways the members of the organization in obtaining employment, and to advotest the members of the organization, to assist in all honorable ways the members of the organization in obtaining employment, and to advocate the just cause of the members and others owing allegiance to the United States of America. The League has adopted, for the hetter protection of its members, a simple ritual and a password. Eligibility to membership is hased on citizenship of the United States, and the applicants for such membership are required to pass through the hands of an investigation committee, whose duty it is to investigate the qualifications of all candidates, including their habits and character. The League is, of course, strongly in favor of annexation, and bending all efforts to accomplish that end. We hold regular meetings every Monday and Friday evening, and such special meetings between as our business calls for. The officers of the League are: President, L. B. Murray; first vice-president, W. P. O'Brien; second vice-president, A. W. Clark; secretary and treasurer, E. P. Severn."

Thursday, November 30. Present were Ministers Dole, King, Damon and Smith, and Counciliors Waterhouse, Allen, Emmeluth, Belte, Morgan, Brown, Suhr, Nott, Wilder, Mendonce and Ena. Minister of Finance Damon made the following

the constitutions of 152, 185 and 187, and resident to be houred, certainly at not correct. There is a good deal of humbing in this world, and fire Hounts satisfied it to the full extent by working to the fident and fire. Storen was an observation of the constitutions of 152, 186 and 187, and resident of humbing in this world, and fire. Hounts satisfied it to the full extent by working to the fident and fire. Storen was an observation of the fidness of fine the fidness of the fidne

studied the health problem, visiting the hospital personally.

"Education, too, he has not omitted: Christianizing influences of all creeds receiving careful consideration. Then, coming to more material interests, at his request careful and exhaustive statistics were prepared as to the ownership of property, individually and collectively, who paid taxes, and by nationalities; the probable effect of Chinese and Japanese immigration; our labor laws, and other important subjects too numerous to mention to-day. Will any sensible man say that they will have no bearing on our future relations with the United States? I have not lost faith in the man, and it is not wise to look on our side only of a man or woman or movements of so much importance to America or Hawali.

MINISTER WILLIS'S CONDUCT.

in trouble or perplexity. Did it ever occur to to Mr. Blount, was suspended on November 30, you that Mr. Willis may have had instructions when Mr. Blount's report reached the islands. to deliver or withhold his letters of credence to The Annexationists are wild with wrath at Wun-Mr. Dole as he might find the circumstances | derburg on account of his statements. warranted? Occurrences have shown that he | The Attorney-General addressed the following did delay in delivery. When he did, the act was statement to the Justices of the Supreme Court:

some statement be made by an individual member of the Executive Council, who has given it some thought and consideration. I look upon this whole movement, which was tegun not only last January, but which dates many years back, as one which brings us in the closest relations to the United States. It is a National matter. It is not a matter to be confined to a particular party or to a particular faction. It is a question that affects every man, woman and child in the islands. It even goes further than that, and perhaps one of the reasons why the United States have been slow to act is because it is such a new departure in their foreign policy. But I think in all their relations with the country they have shown discretion, they have shown a kindly feeling, they have shown sentiment in every way that it can be evinced toward us. Whatever the present situation may be with the heads of the Government at Washington, we have no right to say that we know their explicit views now until we have heard from them definitely. I feel that when the American public has taken the interest that they have in us, no act injurious to us will be allowed.

AMERICAN INFLUENCE ON HAWAIL

"We are safe in the hands of the American Republic to-day. American is written from Bird Island to the extreme limit of Hawaii; you cannot touch a spot on Hawaii but what is American. It is American in sentiment. It is American in progress. It is American in everything. speaking about the fortification of the Castle, he said that it was simply to make any attempt at restoration an act of war. There was not much excitement, he said, in Honolulu, although of course the one topic was the political situation.

The Castle was barricaded the latter part of the week preceding the sailing of the Arawa. Actual reproducts the fortification of the Castle was barricaded the latter part of the public."

public."

The Attorney-General stated that the Executive Council was determined to resist any attacks upon the Government from whatever source.

James Walker Butcher, of "The Sydney Evening News," was a passenger, on his way to San Francisco. He is of the opinion that the Hawilan Government is simply waiting for the United States Government to go on record. Great dependence is placed by the Annexationists on the popular feeling in the United States. It seemed, as well, to be a clearly defined plan of the Provisional Government to force the United States into committing an act of war in

It seemed, as well, to be a clearly defined plan of the Provisional Government to force the United States into committing an act of war in an attempt at restoration. The Castle is barricaded or fortified, and sixteen cannon are mounted in front of it.

The officers of the Arawa are not disposed to speak at length of the situation. Captain Stewart said the town was peaceable enough, although there seemed to be great excitement.

Mackenzie Bowell, who is back from his mission to Australia, was positively frisky in the crisp air of Canada. He declined to talk politics. "My dear fellow," he said, "I have refused to discuss politics in any shape or form on this trip. My mission to Honolulu was a very peaceful one."

ery peaceful one."
The British warship Champion reached Hon-The British warship Champion reached rions old on November 22, and her coming gave rise to the rumor that the United States and Great Britain had combined and would establish a joint protectorate over Hawaii, similar to that

Advertiser" said: "The Star' gives publicity to plon's policy as well as ardent Annexationists, had a rumor which has been current for several boped that something definite and final in the way unwilling to be restored to the throne unless accomplished, but in this they were disappointed, alone were charged with the police control of days that the ex-Queen has expressed herself as of a settlement of the question would have been she can be assured of the armed protection of the United States, an eminent Royalist being the Washington just before the closing of the Executive

President Dole stated on November 29 that the Government had received two bona-fide offers of armed assistance from the coast. One was for service here, in defence of the Provisional Government, of 1,000 men, and the other of 4,000 men. "While we do not need this aid," said the President, "the fact that it has been tendered to us shows what the feeling is to the

lar meetings every Monday and Friday evening and such special meetings between as our business calls for. The officers of the League are: President, L. B. Murray; first vice-president, W. P. O'Brien; second vice-president, A. W. Clark; secretary and treasurer, E. P. Severn."

HIMANCE MINISTER DAMON'S STATEMENT. A general meeting of the Executive and Advisory Council was held on the afternoon of Thursday, November 30. Present were Ministers.

The American Thanksgiving Day was duly

A petition signed by the leading Americans and read by permission the following letter, which he had written to a man in San Francisco, on the subject:

"If you will lift the veil a little and look on the other side of Mr. Blount's mission and the findence that he has power to use in the future, it may be just as well that I gave him all the attention and confidence that I did, and know-ing what I do know, I certainly do not regret!.

Saturday, December 2. After satting forth that the petitioners are citizens of the United States of the United States the petitioners are citizens of the United States the petitioners are citizens of the United States of the United States of the United States of the Popular BY THE MOVELLE BY THE MOVELE BY THE MOVELLE BY THE MOVELE BY THE MOVELLE BY THE MOVELE BY THE MOVELE BY THE MOVELLE BY THE MOVELLE BY THE MOVELLE

F. W. Wunderburg, clerk of the Circuit Court "You mention that if Mr. Gresham's letter of Horolulu, whose scalp the annexationists have and instructions are followed out we shall be been after on account of the statements he made

warranted? Occurrences have shown that he did deiay in delivery. When he did, the act was final, as shown by his subsequent remark: 'My relations with the Provisional Government are unchanged.' American diplomats abroad have never yet carried the titles of perfidy, so far as my reading of American diplomats abroad have never yet carried the titles of perfidy, so far as my reading of American diplomats when the exqueen applied to him for protection by referring her to the Provisional Government, and like a gentleman offering his services as a private citizen to secure her the required aid, and the ex-Queen is now under the protection of this Government.

"You will, perhaps, ask the question: 'Why dwell so long on these matters?' I can only reply that it is to strengthen the calm judgment that the Hawaiian question is not being treated lightly, either here or in Washington. I know you will ask one more question, and that is: 'What about Gresham's letter?' All it would be safe for me to say is that the public have answered it, and President Cleveland's opinion and the action of Congress."

After reading the letter Mr. Damon said:

"To this matter we have all given a great deal of study, and, while I am only voicing my own views in the matter, I feel that it is due to the Advisory Council, and perhaps to those of the Advisory Council, and perhaps to those of the public who are interested in the situation, that

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS. BARGAINS FOR THE ECONOMICAL.

dreds of duplicates in process if it "takes." Therefore any left-over article, odd pieces, or patterns we have stopped making must be sold at once to make room for new styles. Prices are small consideration.

A visit will repay. The low prices on many handsome articles will surprise and please the economical.

"BUY OF THE MAKER."

GEO. C. FLINT CO., 104, 106 AND 108 WEST 14TH ST.

Snow and Cold Winds

will, without doubt, appear around the Holiday senson. It would be wise to present an a Cristman present a useful to the HODGMAN MACKIN-TOSHES would be as serviceable and acceptable a gift as could be made.

COR. GRAND STREET. ADJ. FIFTH AVE. HOTEL.

pal officers. Wherefore the said Attorney-General prays that the said F. W. Wunderburg be gerved with a copy of the foregoing, and that he be cited to appear before Your Honors at a time to be set and show cause, if any, why he should not be removed from office."

In accordance with the above Chief-Justice Jude ordered a citation issued, summoning Wunderburg to show cause on Monday, December II, at 16 a. m., why he should not be removed from office. A copy of the petition and order was served on Wunderburg by Officer Fehilberg.

A PROBABLE FOREIGN MINISTER. Frank M. Hatch, a member of the Advisory uncil, who has been mentioned as likely to be appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs if a bill passed for the separation of the offices of President of the Provisional Government and Minister of Foreign Affairs, in order to relieve President Dole, is a native of Portsmouth, N. H., and about forty-two years old. Soon after graduation at Bowdoin College, he went to Honelulu to continue his law studies at the office of his uncle, Chief Justice Harris. Since the death of his uncle, he has been prominent as a legal adviser and an Annexationist. His father, the late Albert R. Hatch, was one of the conspicuous lawyers and Democratic politicians of New-Hampshire. Another uncle is Robert Harris, vice-president of the Northern Pacific Railcoad Company.

The rearriage of Company.

The rearriage of Commander Whiting, United States Navy, and Miss Ah Fong, a Chinese girl, was to have taken place the day after the departure of the Arawa.

Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Trade and Comresident Dole, is a native of Portsmouth, N. H.,

Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Trade and Com-Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Trade and Com-merce for Canada, bas come home from Aus-tralia pleased with the result of his mission. He went to encourage trade between Canada and Australia. He says his trip was successful, con-sidering the colonial trade laws. There is a general disposition to foster trade between the two countries. He has arranged for a con-ference of delegates from Oceanica at Ottawa next summer.

next summer.

The Miowera, which was wrecked at the entrance to Honolulu Harbor, will be brought to Victoria or to Australia for renairs. The damage to the steamer amounts to little.

Washington, Dec. 12.-The news from Honolulu the United States, an eminent Royalist being the authority for its correctness. Considering the strong feeling against the ex-Queen, which is daily gaining ground among Hawaiians, as well as among foreigners, it would be suicidel for her to accept the profered restoration, even with the guarantee of armed protection from any source whatever.

Washington just before the closing on the factor of the mean at the President, and both learned which the same time and in the same way. Naval officers were pleased that the Provisional of the news at the same time and in the same way. Naval officers were pleased that the Provisional of the news at the same time and in the same way. Naval officers were pleased that the provisional of the news at the same time and in the same way. Naval officers were pleased that the provisional of the news at the same time and in the same way. Naval officers were pleased that the provisional of the news at the same time and in the same way. Naval officers were pleased that the provisional of the news at the same time and in the same way. Naval officers were pleased that the provisional of the news at the same time and in the same way. Naval officers were pleased that the provisional of the news at the same time and in the same way.

ral of the Alames Little doubt, how the extraordinary of seed between Me

TO REPORT MO BITT'S RESOLUTION.

if the committee would wait the documents might be fortneoming.

At this, it is said, some of the Democratic members of the committee began to show signs of impatience. They have become as weary of delay as are the Republicans, and they were critically disappointed because the nopes excited by Mr. McCreary's assurances of Friday hart not been realized. Since then they have been subjected to constant pressure from Democrats in the House who are disgusted on account of the delay, and who would vote to-morrow if they had an opportunity to take the resolution out of the hands of the Committee an Forelan Affairs and pass it. Chairman McCreary was at last compelled to remind his Democratic colleagues that if the resolution should be brought in to-day it would displace "a great Democratic measure," be cause it would insvitably provoke delaste. The "great Democratic measure to which its alluded was the Utah bill, and his admonition was heeded by his party associates, who voted addity to postpone the report to the House and the control of the release the House could not demand the report at an earlier House could not demand the report at an earlier House could not demand the report at an earlier House could not demand the report at an earlier House could not demand the report to the House and pourred he hastened to the White House to use his influence to have something done for the resolution and the committee adjurant has soon as practicable after the committee and yoursed he hastened to the White House to use his influence to have something done of the prolomed allence of the Administration in regard to Hawilian as a suggestion had been made to him by Mr. Gray knows that such is the temper of the House, and there is no good frasson why the President should not be made acquainted with that fact, even if he beautifued heads to indeed the part in the deady, the presiding officer (Mr. Harris, Democratic measure) in the close to inner it afterward.

At the close of Mr. Cuilier's speech, in the Senate, but, at the single pr

PRINCETON SINGERS GOING SOUTH.

Princeton, N. J., Dec. 12.-The itinerary of the The vocal and instrumental clubs, upwards of fifty men, will start on Tuesday for a two weeks' trip.

At Philadelphia the club will take a special train. Two private cars of the Delaware and Mary-land Raliroad have been loaned by Mrs. T. H. Garrett and C. K. Lord, who have sons in the club. The firstsconcert will be in Eatitimere. Other concerts on the route as scheduled are as follows: Washington, D. C. December 29: Richmond, December 21: Atlanta, December 22: Mobile, December 22: New-Grieans, December 25: Vicksburg, December 26: Memphits, December 27: Nashville, December 28: Cincinnati, December 29: Circlena, Decemb men, will start on Tuesday for a two weeks' trip.

DAMAGE BY FLOOD IN THE NORTHWEST. Seattle. Dec. 12.-The valleys of Cedar, Black, White and Duwamish rivers are all under water, Much loss has already occurred in the destruction of property. The water is higher than known in

Spokane, Wash., Dec. 12.—Reports from Colfax Spokane. Wash. Dec. 12.—Reports from Colfax and Etherton say the high water in the Palouse River is failing; owing to the cold wave setting to last night, and present indications are that there will be no further damage from the flood. The streets of both towns are atream with tweekege. Portions of Etherton are still inundated, but the water is receding. The Union Pacific has a large force of men at work repairing the track which was carried away, and trains are running on time to-night. It is estimated that the damage caused by the flood will foot up to \$75,000. Resports of loss of life have not been confirmed.

FOR AN HONEST BALLOT.

SENATOR CULLOM'S SPEECH.

THE FIGHT OVER ELECTION LAW REPEAL OPENED IN THE SENATE.

HODGMAN RUBBER COMPANY. AN ABLE AND SCATHING ARRAIGNMENT OF THE DEMOCRATIC PROGRAMME - MAYNARD

SEVERELY SCORED-THE ADMINIS-TRATION'S HAWAIIAN AND DENOUNCED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Washington, Dec. 12.-The debate in the Senate on the proposed repeal of the Federal Election laws was opened to-day by Mr. Cullom, who took advantage of a few unoccupied hours to criticise rather severely the accepted Democratic programme of repealing every piece of Republican legislation in sight. This haste to upset and overturn, in an alleged spasm of "reform," all-important legislative measures under which the country has prospered for the last thirty years, was condemned by Mr. Cullom as reckless and dangerous statesmanship, and although felt confident that the repeal programme would drive the Democratic party from power at the first general election, he urged nevertheless in emphatic terms that the country should be spared the suffering sure to follow any such radical reversion of the country's established financial, revenue and election policies in force for over a generation.

Mr. Stewart followed Mr. Cullom, talking ostensibly in favor of the repeal of the Election laws, but drifting after the first five minutes into his inevitable discussion of the silver ques-The real debate on the Election Repeal bill will not begin, however, for perhaps two or three weeks.

After a brief history of the protection of the elective franchise from fraud, beginning with the clause of the Constitution declaring that the time, place and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed that Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to of choosing Senators, Mr. Cullom said that there never had been any serious question as to the scope and meaning of that Constitutional provision. What was the cause, he asked, of the present demand for the repeal of the laws passed by Congress on the subject? Had any man suffered any injustice by reason of their existence or enforcement? Had any person Editorially, on November 23, "The Commercial eles in Washington, Supporters of the Administraprevent wrong? The contention of those who urged the repeal of those laws seemed to be based mainly upon the theory that the States

MAYNARD'S CRIME DENOUNCED.

It was only necessary to go into the enlightened tate of New-York to find volumes of proof of the inability or the indisposition of the State to guarantee an honest casting and true counting of honest votes. Did it not, he asked, bring the blush of shame to the cheek of American Senators to think even of the public fact of the gigantic frauds upon decency, the monstrous outrages upon the elective franchise, which had been perpetrated within the last few months in that great Commonwealth? What a disgrace, he said, to the American bar and what a humiliation to the Judiciary of a noble State had become the name of that judge (referring to Judge Maynard), the tool and willing agent who had sold his judicial birthright for a mess of miserable

Mr. Hill (Dem., N. Y.)-Is the Senator aware of the fact that the contested-election case to which he refers would not have controlled the election of Senator from the State of New-York? Mr. Cullom--if the Senator from New-York

simply proposes to justify that action by the declaration that it did not control the politics of the State Senate of New-York, I say to him that

protection for honest elections. The proposed repeal of the Election laws was an important step in the mail rush toward barbarism which the irresponsible elements of the Democratic party advocated and adopted at Chicago. But, important as that was, it was but a ripple upon the surface of public sentiment compared with that which had raised the very ocean of public indignation. The public welfare was menaced by an attempt to break down a most wholesome tariff system.

by an attempt to break down a most tariff system.

Mr. Hill—Does the Senator expect to prevent the country from realizing the dire effects which he portrays by a continuance of the Federal Election laws?

Mr. Cullom—Their repeal is one of the steps to be taken, and the end will be the destruction of the industries and life of the Nation. Does the Senator desire to ask any other question? (Lauchter)

Does the Senator desire to accept the Senator to refer a tion? (Laughter.)

Mr. Hill—I understood the Senator to refer a few minutes ago to the recent election in the State of New-York as a condemnation of-certain political methods or results, and I understand him now to claim that it was a vindication of the Republican policy of protection.

Mr. Cullom (sarcastically)—Is that all?

Mr. Hill—I would like the Senator to define which it was.

VERDICT OF THE LAST ELECTION.

Mr. Cullom-I say that the conduct which I have described as having occurred in the State of New-York, and which gave a majority to the

Charming Christmas Gifts.

There are few things more essential to the comfort of a home than a good lamp, hence unusual care should be exercised in making a choice. If the lamb moves a poor burner, or is not made upon advanced principles, from an artistic and practical etandpoint, but the "Miller" lamp. Edward Miller & Co., Nos. 10 and 12 Callere place, between Barciay-t. and Park Place, ore the manufacturers. They have a complete essectiment of staple and beautiful designs. It is worth while to visit their showroom to see a rare collection of artistic larges.

MARKET TO THE PARTY OF THE PART

THE GENUINE

JOHANN HOFF'S EXTRACT

THE HIGHEST AWARD

MEDAL AND DIPLOMA

AT THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION, CHICAGO, 1893. One dozen bottles give as much strength and nourishment as a cask of ale without being intoxicating.

It exalts the energies, stimulates nutrition and aids digestion, and is in a true sense a "FLESH AND BLOOD MAKER,"

Beware of imitations. The "Genuine" has the Signature of "Johann Hoff"
on the neck label of every bottle,

EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Sole Agents, 152 & 154 FRANKLIN ST., NEW YORK.

Democracy of that State in 1892, and which re- FIRST PREMIUM sulted in the election of a Democratic Senator, has been condemned in the recent election by nearly 100,000 majority.

has been condemned in the recent election by nearly 100,000 majority.

Mr. Hill—The Senator has not answered the question. Had the election in New-York anything to do with the question of the tariff?

Mr. Cullom—It had nothing to do with the tariff except that the Democratic party, in its National Convention and ever since, has been claiming that it intends to carry out its free trade policy; and that has alarmed the people and helped to give a majority in favor of the Republican party and against the Democracy.

Mr. Hill—The question of tariff was only very remotely involved in the recent election in New-York. In the election of 1892 the State of New-York gave a majority of nearly 50,000 for tariff reform, and that on a full vote, too.

Mr. Cullom—In the last election there was a very large majority against the Democracy and in condemnation of that Judge who seems to be the friend of the honorable Senator from New-York.

York.

After another allusion to the tariff, Mr. Cullom was advised by Mr. Hill not to lie awake at night from any anxiety as to whether the Democratic party proposed to carry out its platform on the question of tariff. "I can assure the Senator," Mr. Hill continued, "that the party does intend to carry it out faithfully, honestly and impartially." THE PRESIDENT'S HAWAHAN POLICY

After some further colloquy, in which Mr. Hill said that he had been and was the friend of Judge Maynard, Mr. Cullom went on with his speech. What else than terror and despair,

Judge Maynard, Mr. Cullom went on with his speech. What else than terror and despair, he asked, could be expected, judging by the policy which could with one hand wantonly crush American industry and shipwreck the interwoven interests of American capital and American labor, while with the other hand it tore down the American ensign which had spread its protecting folds over a struggling colony upon an island of the sea. This latter act, he said, which could not have been accomplished by all the powers of monarchical Europe, had been committed by the order of the American President, upon the advice and recommendation of a "newly baptized Democratic Secretary of State."

In addition to tearing down the Election laws, the protective tariff, the American flag and the pension policy, the National banking system was also to be torn down. "What in God's name." Mr. Cullom asked, "would be left in the United States worth lights for if, after the other cyclones had done their worst, the country was to be put once again at the mercy of a multitude of State banking systems, as it was prior to the War?" He entreated the serious-thinking men of the Democracy to call a halt in the wild campaign of error, and to cause their reckless followers to keep their hands from despoling this work which had stood the test of time and which bore the stamp of value.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE.

THE PROPOSED STATEHOOD OF UTAH GIVES RISE TO AN AMUSING DEBATE.

Washington, Dec 12 .- The day in the House was characterized by an interesting and amusing debate on the bill to admit Utah. The discussion began slowly and quie'ly with speeches from Messrs. Kilgore, of Texas, and Morse, of Massachusetts. Spice was added by Mr. Rawlins, the Delegate fro who, in his maiden speech, was listened to with marked attention by every one on the floor and in the galieries. His remarks were strengthened with sharp satire and humorous comparisons, and were frequently interrupted by laughter. The great success of the day was his apostrophe to New-England as the country which burned witches, persecuted Quakers, turned out Roger Williams and produced the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Morse).

Mr. Rawlins was followed by Mr. Harter, of Ohlo, in opposition. Although the interest flagged somewhat when the change of speakers was accomplished, it was roon reawakened. The discussion will be continued to-morrow.

Little of importance was done in the morning four, the time being spent largely in fillioustering gainst the concurrent resolution providing for an investigation into the personnel of the Navy. This live went over without action, and will be taken up in the morning hour to-morrow.

The only actual legislation accomplished was the passage of the bill proported by Mr. Ulander. in the galleries. His remarks were strengthened

in the moraing hour to-morrow.

The only actual lexislation accomplished was the passage of the bill reported by Mr. Dingley, changing the method of making remittances in the Postoffice Department. Instead of being sent to the Sixth Auditor through the Postoffice Department, they are hereafter to be sent to that official direct.

WILL CONFIRM MR. HORNBLOWER.

THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE AND THE SENATE LIKELY TO TAKE FAVORABLE ACTION 800N. Washington, Dec. 12 (Special.)-According to the inderstanding of the Senate Judiciary Committee when it adjourned on Monday, there will be another eting on Thursday to consider the nomination of William B. Hornblower as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. It is more than probable that this nomination will be favorably reported at that meeting, and that Mr. Hornblower will be confirmed before the Senate takes its holiday recess. This was admitted to-day by a member of the Judiciary Committee, who said that the opposition so far manifested against the nomina-tion of Mr. Hornblower was of a negative character

Mr. Hill—I do not say that the Senator wilfully misstated the facts. I presume he has simply taken the partial accounts of partisan newspapers.

Mr. Cullom—I have not relied on rewspaper accounts especially, but I have understood, and I think that the country has understood, that the action of that man who afterward became a judge inaugurated a scheme which resulted in changing the political complexion of the Legislature.

Mr. Hill—And I desire to inform the Senator and the country that that is not a correct statement of the situation.

APPEALING FOR HONEST ELECTIONS.

Mr. Cullom resumed the direct course of his speech, and declared that all good people everywhere in America, regardless of their political affiliations, should join in trying to make stronger and more efficient every guard and protection for honest elections. The proposed

SECRETARY MORTON'S NEW ASSISTANT. CHARLES W. DARNEY, JR., APPOINTED TO SUC-CEED EDWIN WILLITS.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of Charles W. Dabney, jr., of Tennessee, to be Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, in place of Edwin Willits, resigned.

The announcement of the appointment of Dr. Dabney was in the nature of a surprise. There were forty-eight applicants for the place, coming from aimost every Southern and Western State, Dr. Dabney was not an applicant, but was selected.

The announcement of the appointment of Dr. Dabney was in the nature of a surprise. There were forty-eight applicants for the place, coming from aimost every Southern and Western State. Dr. Dabney was not an applicant, but was selected because of his high standing among the agricultural scientists of the South.

Dr. Dabney was born at Hampden Sydney, Va., in 1855, and was graduated at the University of Virginia in 1877. He was professor of chemistry and mineralogy at Emory and Henry College. Virginia, from 1877 to 1878, and studied chemistry, physics and mineralogy at Berlin and Goettingen, Germeny, from 1878 to 1880, inclusive, receiving the degree of Ph. D. from the latter university. He was elected professor of chemistry in the University of North Carolina, in 1881 he became the director of the North Carolina. In 1881 he became the director of the North Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station at Raleigh, and also State Chemist of the Geological Survey and Board of Health. He published a number of papers on organic and agricultural chemistry, and other scientific papers. He conducted explorations for phosphate in Eastern North Carolina, and was the first to discover and bring this deposit to the attention of the scientific and commercial world. He made similar explorations of the useful minerals of North Carolina, responsitions of the useful minerals of North Carolina to representative of North Carolina in the Government and State exhibits at the New-Orleans Exposition of 1884-85. He organized and equipped an experiment at highly of the State's resources. In 1887 he was elected president of the University of Tennessee. He received the degree of LL. D. from Davidson College, N. C., in 1889.

WORLD'S FAIR. THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.

54 First Awards,

Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.

THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO., "All over the World."

ESTABLISHED 1807.

Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, Stoves, Pictures, Everything for Housekeeping,

193 TO 205 PARK ROW, N. Y. Between City Hall & Chatham Squa e. As LONG CREDIT as can be given on GOOD GOODS at LOW PRICES and WITHOUT IN-FEREST charge.

Weekly or monthly payments.
Reasonable extensions of time.

B. M. GOWPERTHWAIT & CO.

Did You Visit the World's Fair?



MARKS A. F. CHAIR CO.,

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

930 Broadway, New-York, 215 Wabash ave., Chicago, Wanamaker's, Philadelphia, Pa

NOTE. By the addition of our new Store, 15 and 19 Beekman Street, we have plenty of room for the display of our immense stock of exclusive and original Articles of our Manufacture and Importation

Pool Tables, from \$3.50 to \$20.00. Roys' Sleds from 50 cents to Model Sail Boats, \$1.00 to \$5.00. Ice Skates, from 50 cents to \$5.00.

BOOMERANG GUNS. STEAM LAUNCHES. BOXING GLOVES AND

5.000 other Imported Novelties at low prices.

PECK & SNYDER

126-130 NASSAU STREET.

Hires' ROOT BEER HOME CIRCLE A 25 cent package makes 5 galions of this delicious Temper-ance Beverage.

Grentest Novelty and Ornaments for Parlors of the Fashionable World are:

HAND-PAINTINGS ON GOODS. I deliver on every Address.

Table-tidies of velvet goods with very rich Oil Paint ings
Newspaper-holders of felt
Brussholders
Tidles
Gobelin paintings
Cash with order or by Exoress C. Ö. D.
C. RINCK, Lio2 Michigan St., Buffalo, N. Y.

FINE Imported and Domestic. GUNS, RIPLES, REVOLVERS, AM-HARTLEY & GRAHAM, 315 Broadway.

MAINE LUMBER INTERESTS AROUSED.

Bangor, Me., Dec. 12.—The great lumber and mill interests of Eastern Maine are thoroughly aroused over the lumber schedule of the Wilson bill putting all kinds of lumber on the free list, which thus discriminates severely against some of the mest important industries of this State, and threatens them with untold damage and demoralization. Leading lumbermen of this section declare that even now with a duty of 25 cents a thousand on shingles they are making a losing fight against the Provinces while the Wilson bill wipes out the last vestige of protection and leaves time defenceless. With spruce selling now at \$12 a thousand, the duty of 2 a thousand is only 16.23 per cent protection. Free lumber meant simply the stoppage of the milis and the throwing of thousands of men out of employment. The indignation found expression here last Saturday in a largely atteaded meeting, over which ex-Governor Daniel F. Davis presided, and at which Republicans and Democrats alike spoke upon the dangers to Maine in the Wilson bill. The subject was thoroughly canvassed, and it was decided to appoint a committee at take the needed steps toward volcing the opposition of Maine interests to the bill. The committee as named, contains Democrats as well as Republicans, and will enter actively into the work. them with untold damage and demoralization. Lead-

OPPOSITION IN THE CLOTHING TRADE. Members of the clothing and cloak trades of the

Em

TO REPORT THE BAILEY BANKRUPT BILL.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The House Committee on the Judiclary to-day, after a lively discussion, voted to report favorably Mr. Bailey's Benkruptey

To REPORT THE BAILEY BANKRUPT BILL.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The House Committee on the Judiclary to-day, after a lively discussion, on the goods used. The manufacturers are preparing circulars and letters for the consideration of Congressmen and Senators.